

What is your role?

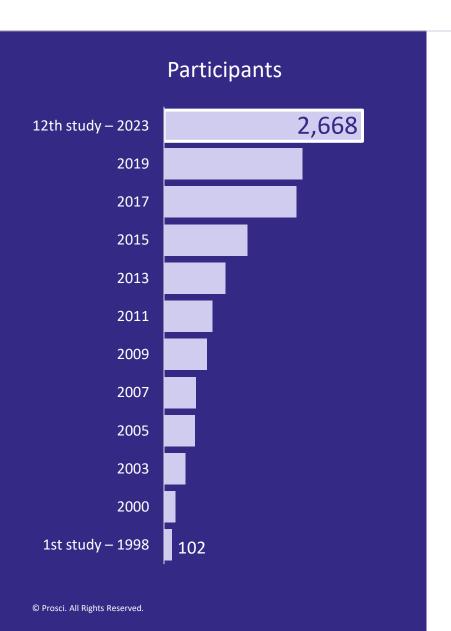
Nobody has responded yet.

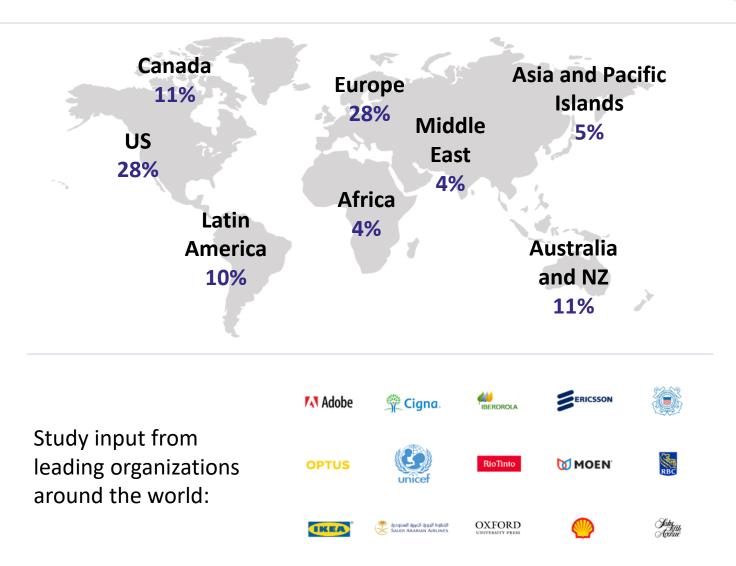
Hang tight! Responses are coming in.

IIUUUI

Prosci, at Its Core, Is a Research Organization







Research Findings on Change Success



Top Contributors to Change Success

1

Active and visible executive sponsorship

2

Structured change management approach

3

Employee engagement and participation

4

Frequent and open communication

5

Integration and engagement with project management

6

Dedicated change management resources

7

Engagement with middle managers

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In all 12 reports, sponsorship was #1 on the list





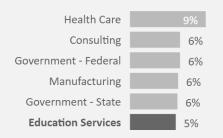
Best Practices in Change Management

Personalized Comparative Report

Project type



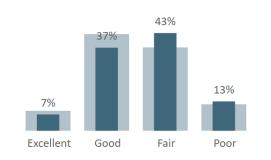
Industry representation



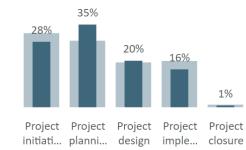
Number of employees

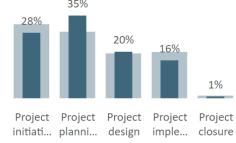


Overall effectiveness of CM program

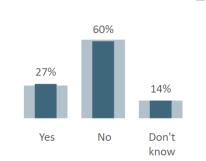


When change management started

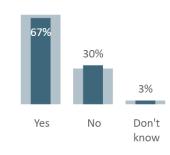




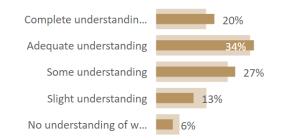
Dedicated CM budget



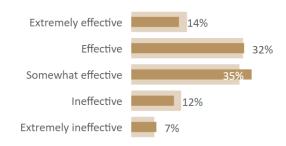
Dedicated CM resource



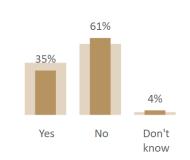
Primary sponsor's understanding of role



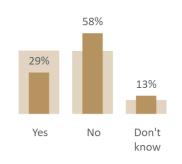
Active and visible sponsorship



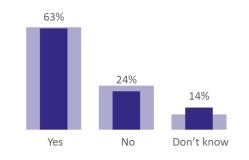
Use of external consultants



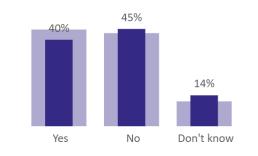
Use of change agent networks



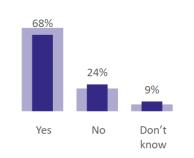
Developed reinforcement plans



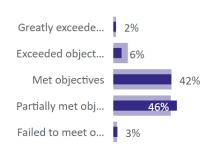
Dedicated resources for reinforcement



Integrated PM and CM



Objectives met



Best Practices in Change Management &

Region

Industry

Education Services

Number of employees

All

139 Respondents

Getting Started

The Current State of CM

CM Application

Effectiveness and Measurement

Defining Change Success

Roles in Defining Change Success

Defining Success Metrics

Methodology

Resources and Budget

Change Management Activities

CM/PM Integration

Roles in CM

Adapting and Aligning

Me-Search

Change Management Activities

As a change management professional, your work revolves around specific activities and actions, including effective communication, managing resistance, and reinforcement. This page provides guidance from experienced practitioners on how to plan and execute these change management activities successfully. Learn who should be involved in communication, how to avoid resistance, and what makes sustainment successful.

Compare successful projects to unsuccessful ones

Met or exceeded Partially met or failed objectives

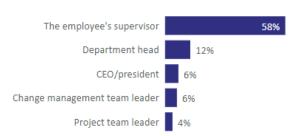
Communications

Identify preferred senders for both personal-level and organizational-level messages about change

Preferred sender for business messages



Preferred sender for personal messages



Resistance

Explore the most resistant groups during change and the amount of resistance that is avoidable

Most resistant groups

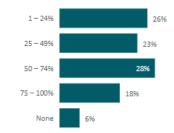


19%

Avoidable employee resistance



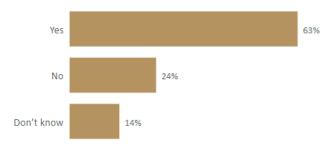
Avoidable manager resistance



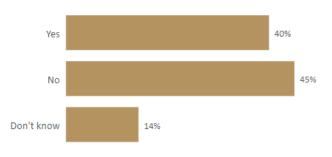
Sustainment

Planning for reinforcement and sustainment to build change success

Developed plans for reinforcement and sustainment



Dedicated resources for reinforcement and sustainment



Key Insights from Education Sector

- Increasing awareness of the need for change management
- Opportunity to improve sponsor understanding of role in change management
- Increasing implementation of Agile as a project management approach and alignment of change management to Agile
- Top industry trends technology and digital transformation
- 30% of CM resources in IT, 37% in PMO
- 64% do not have change management office (recognition of the need)
- Maturity model -- trending up but still LOTs of opportunity





Core Roles in Effective Change Management

Employee-Facing Roles



- Authorize the change
- Fulfill three key roles: (ABCs)
 - Actively and visibly participate throughout the project
 - Build a coalition of sponsorship with peers and managers
 - Communicate directly with employees



Change Practitioner

- **Enabling Roles**
- Apply structure and intent to change
- Enable and equip other change roles
- Collaborate on a unified approach with the project manager



People Manager

- Support direct reports in their change journeys
- Fulfill five key roles: (CLARC)
 - Communicator
 - Liaison
 - Advocate
 - Resistance Manager
 - Coach



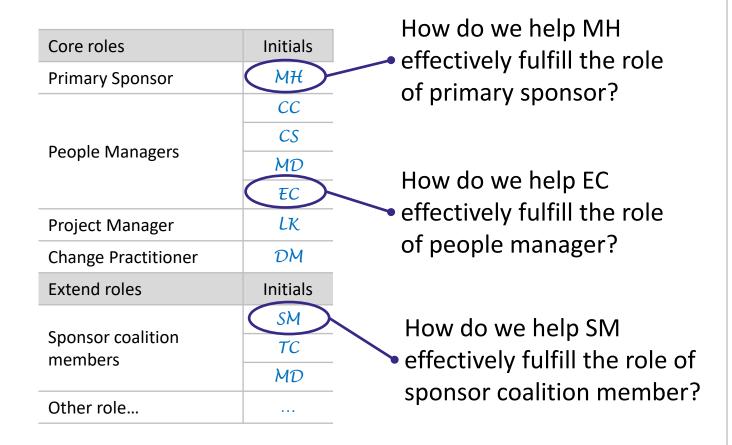
Project Manager

- Design, develop and deliver the technical solution with employee adoption and usage in mind from the beginning
- Collaborate on a unified approach with the change practitioner

Building Blocks of Individual Change – ADKAR

	ADKAR element	Definition	What you hear	Triggers for building
Α	Awareness	Of the need for change	"I understand why"	Why? Why now? What if we don't?
D	Desire	To participate and support the change	"I have decided to"	WIIFM Personal motivators Organizational motivators
K	Knowledge	On how to change	"I know how to"	Within context (after A&D) Need to know during Need to know after
Α	Ability	To implement required skills and behaviors	"I am able to"	Size of the K-A gaps Barriers/capacity Practice/coaching
R	Reinforcement	To sustain the change	"I will continue to"	Mechanisms Measurements Sustainment

Activating Roles Using ADKAR – CM4CM



Example to illustrate:

	A	D	К	A	R
МН	5	4	3	4	5
EC	4	2	3	3	4
SM	4	5	4	2	5

ADKAR Applied to "Being a Great Sponsor"

	ADKAR element	Definition for Sponsorship	Common Barriers	Activation Tactics
A	Awareness	Of the need to be a great sponsor (and of the need for CM)		
D	Desire	To participate and support being a great sponsor		
K	Knowledge	On how to be a great sponsor		
A	Ability	To implement required skills and behaviors of a great sponsor		
R	Reinforcement	To sustain fulfilling the role of great sponsor		



Building Sponsor Awareness

Restraining Forces and Obstacles for Awareness:

"Can't I just tell them to do it?"

"We've changed before without this fluffy stuff."

"Change can't be managed, it just happens."

"My role isn't really that important."

How might we build Awareness of the need to be a great sponsor?

" If you talk to a man in a language he understands, that goes to his head. If you talk to him in his language, that goes to his heart.

Nelson Mandela South African Anti-Apartheid Leader, President 1994-1999



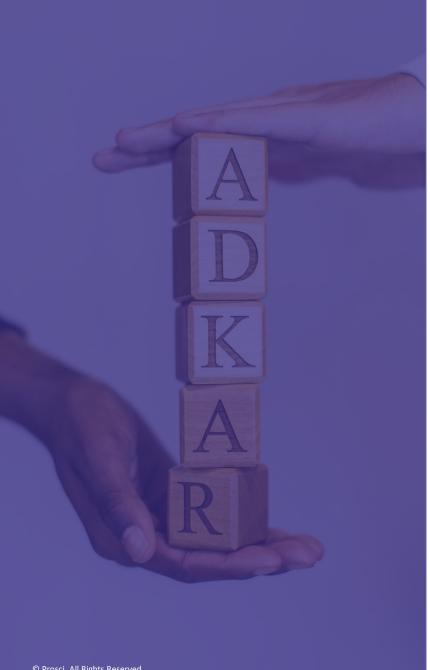


Tips for Activating Awareness

- Identify and prioritize the people-dependent project ROI
- Highlight the costs and risks of poor adoption and usage of the solution
- Demonstrate the impact and importance of great sponsorship
- Connect sponsorship to what keeps them up at night and what gets them up in the morning, e.g. access to research funding and grants, student satisfaction rates etc.

Avoidable Costs and Mitigable Risks

	Costs:	Risks:
To the project if we do not manage the people side of change well	 Project delays Missed milestones Budget overruns Rework required Loss of work by project team 	 Resistance – active and passive Project put on hold Resources not made available Obstacles appear unexpectedly Project fails to deliver results Project is fully abandoned
To the organization if we do not manage the people side of change well	 Productivity plunges (deep and sustained) Loss of valued employees Reduced quality of work 	 Impact on customers Impact on suppliers Morale declines Legacy of failed change Stress, confusion, fatigue Change saturation
To the organization if this change does not deliver the results we expect	 Lost investment in the project Lost opportunity to have invested in other projects 	 Expenses not reduced Efficiencies not gained Revenue not increased Market share not captured Waste not reduced Regulations not met



Creating Sponsor Desire

Restraining Forces and Obstacles for Desire:

"Is it really that important?"

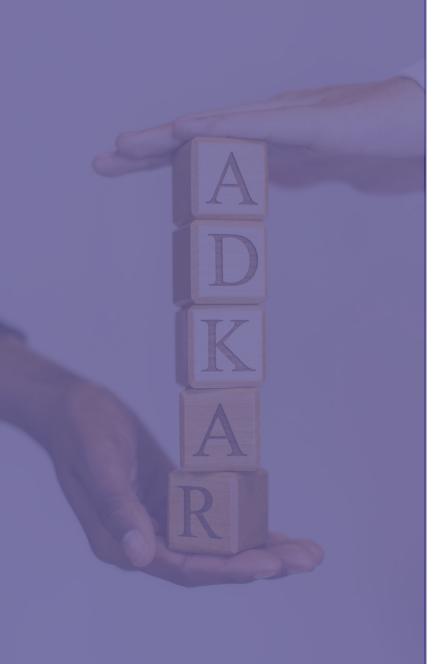
"That sounds like a lot of work."

"Is it going to be worth the effort?"

"It feels like we are taking a step back."

"What's in it for me?"

How might we build Desire to participate and support being to be a great sponsor?



Tips for Activating Desire

- Verify there is sufficient awareness of the need for change management and sponsorship
- Shift the mindset from CM as an "expense" to CM as an "investment" in achieving the results they already signed up to deliver
- Build all three levels of commitment: conceptual, contextual, contractual
- Support the time travel needed for a sponsor to reground in the current state



Developing Sponsor Knowledge

Restraining Forces and Obstacles for Knowledge:

"I've run plenty of changes before."

"What are you going to teach me this time?"

"I thought I was done when I signed the cheque and charter."

"Don't worry, I have Professional Services doing all of the tasks assigned to me."

How might we build Knowledge to be a great sponsor?

Common ADKAR Barrier to Sponsor Role Fulfillment

No knowledge of the specific ABCs of Sponsorship

"You know which teams got the best sponsorship from me? The ones that told me exactly what they needed me to do."

Former Executive,
Fortune 20 Telecommunications

A	D	К	A	R
5	4	3	4	5

Example tactics for building sponsor Knowledge:

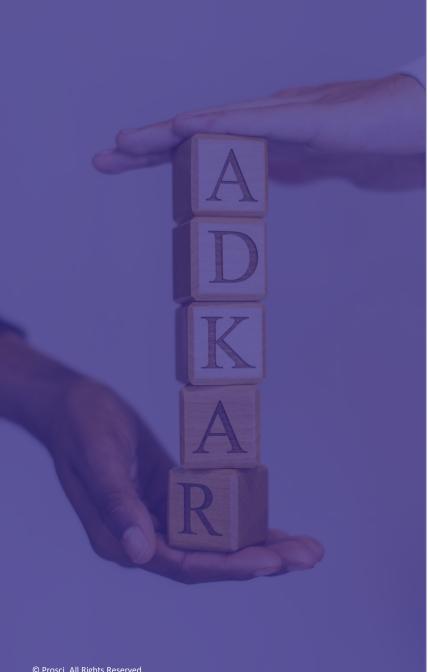
- Change Management Sponsor Briefing
- Excerpts from the research
- Sponsor Plan
- Examples of good sponsorship





Tips for Activating Knowledge

- Build foundational knowledge of ABC roles
- Make the roles concrete with specific actions
- Use a sponsor contract to define importance and expectations
- Be specific



Fostering Sponsor Ability

Restraining Forces and Obstacles for Ability:

"I don't have the time."

"What exactly am I supposed to do?"

"I don't have the time."

"Is there someone who can coach me?"

"I don't have the time."

How might we build Ability to be a great sponsor?

Sponsor-Practitioner Matrix: Symbiotic Relationship

Have

Don't have

Sponsors

- ✓ Authority
- ✓ Credibility
- ✓ Strategy
- ✓ Relationships
- ✓ Influence
- ✓ Status

- ✓ CM expertise and knowledge
- ✓ Time to figure

 _ action steps out

Practitioners

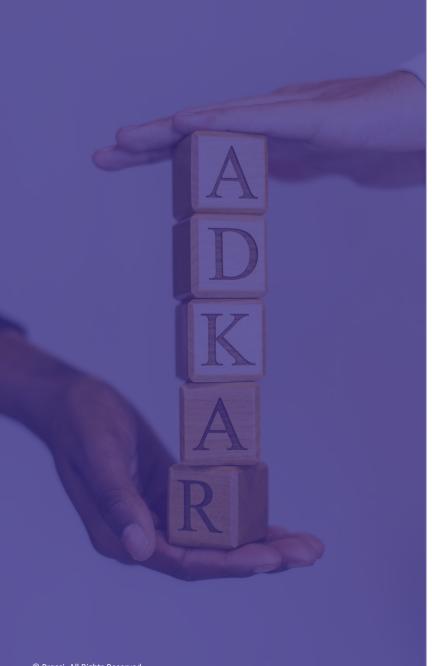
- ✓ CM expertise
- ✓ Methodologies
- ✓ Tools & processes
- ✓ Pulse of org

- ✓ Authority
- Credibility
- Relationships
- ✓ Influence
- ✓ Status



Tips for Activating Ability

- Understand and navigate the symbiotic relationship in the Sponsor-Practitioner Matrix
- Make sponsor activities as easy to complete as possible to increase the likelihood they happen
- Opportunities for video, recorded talking heads, and remote communication in the hybrid workplace
- Proactively address the time challenge



Providing Sponsor Reinforcement

Restraining Forces and Obstacles for Reinforcement:

"I don't think it really mattered."

"We would have made the change happen anyway."

"Interesting, I'm already on to what's next."

"Was that okay?!?"

How might we provide Reinforcement to continue being a great sponsor?



Tips for Activating Reinforcement

- Track and review performance on three dimensions: organizational, individual and change management
- Show the impact in words and numbers
- Express gratitude your sponsors are people, too!
- Say "thank you"
- Connect their sponsorship back to what keeps them up at night and what gets them up in the morning

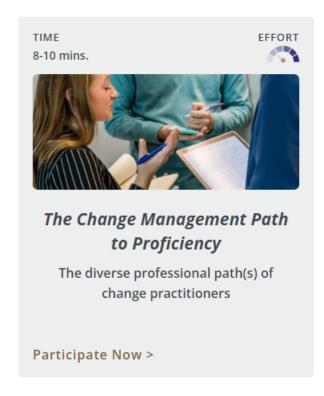
Activating Sponsors with ADKAR Summary

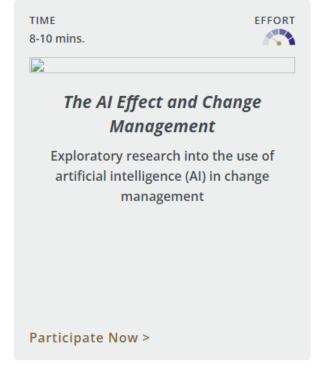
Awareness	Desire	Knowledge	Ability	Reinforcement
 Identify and prioritize the people-dependent project ROI Highlight the costs and risks of poor adoption and usage of the solution Demonstrate the impact and importance of great sponsorship Connect sponsorship to what keeps them up at night and what gets them up in the morning 	 Verify there is sufficient awareness of the need for change management and sponsorship Shift the mindset from "expense" to "investment" Build all three levels of commitment: conceptual, contextual, contractual 	 Build foundational knowledge of ABC roles Make the roles concrete with specific actions Use a sponsor contract to define importance and expectations Consider Prosci's Sponsor Briefing Be specific 	 Understand and navigate the symbiotic relationship in the Sponsor-Practitioner Matrix Make sponsor activities as easy to complete as possible to increase the likelihood they happen Leverage new capabilities and opportunities in the hybrid workplace Proactively address the time challenge 	 Track and review performance on three dimensions: organizational, individual and change management Show the impact in words and numbers Express gratitude – your sponsors are people, too! Say "thank you" Connect their sponsorship back to what keeps them up at night and what gets them up in the morning





Participate in Any of Our Open Studies







- Use of Al in CM is about 50/50: 52% of participants reported they don't currently use Al in their change management work, while 48% reported they do use Al in their change management work.
- Overall, change practitioners are familiar with AI: 8 in 10 respondents (84%) indicated they were a great deal (9%), quite a bit (34%), or moderately (41%) familiar with AI.
- Al streamlines operations: Automation and efficiency through Al allow practitioners to focus on more strategic and people-centered aspects of change by managing operations effectively.
- Al enhances communication quality: Al improves the coherence and alignment of communications with change goals, ensuring better understanding and acceptance among stakeholders.
- Al accelerates problem solving: Al facilitates faster access to relevant information, enhancing decision-making and problem resolution in change management initiatives.
- Al boosts communication impact: Al assists in creating clear and impactful messaging, leading to improved communication skills and
 effectiveness in conveying change narratives.
- Al poses governance challenges: Clear guidelines and regulations are crucial to address legal and ethical concerns related to Al use in change management.
- Al raises job displacement concerns: There is a need to focus on Al as a complementary tool and invest in reskilling to mitigate concerns of job displacement.
- Al offers administrative efficiency: Al improves operational efficiency in managing administrative tasks, allowing practitioners to focus on strategic change initiatives.
- Al enhances crisis planning: Al enhances organizational resilience and preparedness, allowing for proactive crisis planning and mitigation in change management.
- Data security is a major concern: Concerns around data security and privacy are significant barriers to AI adoption in change management.
- Lack of knowledge hinders Al adoption: A lack of knowledge and uncertainty are barriers to Al adoption in change management, emphasizing the need for educational initiatives and training programs.

Research

